

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION

Product Name PermaCool PW
Product Identifier Acrylic Roof Coating
Restrictions None
Manufacturer Performance Roof Systems
Address 4821 Chelsea Avenue
Kansas City, MO 64130
Phone Number (800) 727-9872
Emergency Number (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2 HAZARDS

GHS Classification Skin Sensitization: Category 1
Carcinogenicity: Category 2
Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Category 3
Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 4

Hazard Pictographs



Signal Word

WARNING

Hazard Statements

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer
H402 - Harmful to aquatic life
H413 - May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

Precautionary Statements

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P233 - Keep container tightly closed
P261 - Avoid breathing vapors
P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P271 - Use only out doors or in a well-ventilated area
P273 - Avoid release into the environment
P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection
P391 - Collect Spillage

Response

P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: Rinse mouth; Do Not induce vomiting
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair), Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304+P340+P312 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

SECTION 2 HAZARDS

Response P332+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO₂), foam, dry extinguishing powder to extinguish

Storage P403+P235 - Store in well-ventilated place. Keep cool
P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION

Chemical Composition

| COMPONENT | CAS NUMBER | PERCENT BY WEIGHT |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Limestone* | 1317-65-3 | 10 - 50 |
| Titanium Dioxide* | 13463-67-7 | 1 - 15 |
| Zinc Oxide | 1314-13-2 | 0 - 5 |
| Aluminum hydroxide | 21645-51-2 | 0 - 15 |
| Crystalline silica | 14808-60-7 | < 1 |
| Ammonium hydroxide | 1336-21-6 | < 1 |
| Biocide | Proprietary | < 1 |

* Components listed for their unbound powder form. When these components are used in applications such as coatings, they become part of a mixture and are not considered hazardous.

Note: The above components and their percentages are provided for health and safety purposes, ONLY. This document should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis of any specific lot or as specifications for the product. Some product identifiers are withheld as a trade secret in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes Immediately flush with large amounts of potable water. Eye lids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin Remove contaminated clothing and wash with soap and water.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of exposure. If not breathing, institute cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Ingestion DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center. Gently wipe or rinse the inside of the mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Keep respiratory tract clear. Get medical attention immediately.

Symptoms, Acute & Delayed *Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information*

Immediate Medical Attention All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials

ABBREVIATION KEY

LEL = Lower Explosion Limit
NFPA = National Fire Protection Association

UEL = Upper Explosion Limit

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Fire Hazard | Product is non-combustible |
| Hazardous Combustion | Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, Acrylic monomers and other potentially toxic fumes |
| Extinguishing Media | Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. |
| Firefighting instruction | Use standard procedure for chemical fires. Do not use direct water on substance. Water and foam may cause frothing. Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities. |
| Explosion Hazard | Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. |
| Protection Gear | Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. |

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| | |
|--|---|
| Non-emergency Personnel | No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 . Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. |
| Environmental Precautions | Avoid release into the environment. Report releases as required by local, state and federal authorities. |
| Methods and Material for Containment & Clean up | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of in an approved facility, see Section 13, Disposal Considerations. |

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| Handling | Use personal protective equipment as described in Section 8. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimize spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. May cause cancer. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers. |
| Storage | Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. |

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits

| COMPONENT | CAS NUMBER | OSHA PEL | ACGIH TLV | NIOSH REL |
|--------------------|-------------|---|--|---|
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | 5 mg/m ³ (respirable) 15 mg/m ³ (total) | 3 mg/m ³ (respirable) 10 mg/m ³ (total) | 5 mg/m ³ (respirable) 10 mg/m ³ (total) |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 15 mg/m ³ TWA (total) | 10 mg/m ³ TWA | Not Established |
| Zinc Oxide | 1314-13-2 | 5 mg/m ³ (respirable) 15 mg/m ³ (total) | 2 mg/m ³ (respirable) 10 mg/m ³ (STEL) | 5 mg/m ³ (respirable) 10 mg/m ³ (STEL) 15 mg/m ³ (total) |
| Aluminum Hydroxide | 21645-51-2 | 5 mg/m ³ (respirable) 15 mg/m ³ (total) | 3 mg/m ³ (respirable) 10 mg/m ³ (total) | 5 mg/m ³ (respirable) 10 mg/m ³ (total) |
| Crystalline silica | 14808-60-7 | 0.1 mg/m ³ TWA (respirable) | 0.025 mg/m ³ TWA (respirable) | 0.05 mg/m ³ TWA (respirable) |
| Ammonium hydroxide | 1336-21-6 | 18 mg/m ³ (respirable) 27 mg/m ³ (total) | 18 mg/m ³ TWA 27 mg/m ³ STEL | 18 mg/m ³ (respirable) 27 mg/m ³ (total) |
| Biocide | Proprietary | Not Established | 10 mg/m ³ TWA | Not Established |

**Engineering Measures/
Controls**

Adequate ventilation systems as needed to control concentrations of airborne contaminants below applicable threshold limit values.

General Industrial Hygiene

Use good industrial hygiene practices in handling this material.

**Environmental Exposure
Controls**

Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Pictographs



Eyes/Face

Safety glasses with side shields

Follow the national guidelines concerning the use of protective eye wear.

Hand

Protective Gloves

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary

Skin/Body

Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts, long pants and smooth bottom work shoes) is recommended.

Inhalation

Use NIOSH or MSHA approved respiratory protective equipment when airborne exposure limits are exceeded.

ABBREVIATION KEY

OSHA = Occupational Safety & Health Administration
NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene
REL = Recommended exposure limit

PEL = Permissible Exposure Level
TLV = Threshold Limit Value
TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Physical State | Liquid |
| Appearance | white |
| Odor | Mild ammonia odor |
| Odor Threshold | Not available |
| pH | Not available |
| Relative Evaporation Rate | Not available |
| Melting Point | Not available |
| Freezing Point | Not available |
| Flash Point | Not available |
| Auto-ignition Temperature | Not available |
| Decomposition Temperature | Not available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available |
| Vapor pressure | 17 mm Hg @ 20°C/68°F |
| Vapor density | Not available |
| Specific Gravity | 1.2 - 1.5 |
| VOC | <50 g/L |

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Stability | Stable at room temperature in closed containers under advised storage and handling conditions. |
| Reactivity | No potentially hazardous reactions known |
| Conditions to Avoid | Strong oxidizers |
| Hazardous Decomposition | Thermal decomposition or combustion may produce harmful gases or vapors |
| Hazardous Polymerization | Will not occur |

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Analysis

| COMPONENT | CAS NUMBER | ORAL LD50 (mg/kg) | DERMAL LD50 (mg/kg) | INHALATION LC50 (mg/L) |
|--------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | >6,450 (rat) | N/A | N/A |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | > 2,000 (rat) | N/A | > 5.09 (rat) 4 hour |
| Zinc Oxide | 1314-13-2 | >5,000 (rat) | N/A | > 5.7 (rat) 4 hour |
| Aluminum hydroxide | 21645-51-2 | > 2,000 (rat) | N/A | > 2.3 (rat) 4 hour |
| Crystalline silica | 14808-60-7 | >500 (rat) | N/A | N/A |
| Ammonium hydroxide | 1336-21-6 | >350 (rat) | N/A | N/A |

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eyes

Acute (Immediate) May cause temporary irritation, tearing and burning
Chronic (Delayed) This product is not expected to cause serious eye damage or irritation

Skin

Acute (Immediate) Prolonged skin contact may cause dryness, redness or cracking
Chronic (Delayed) May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

ABBREVIATION KEY

VOC = Volatile organic compound
 LC50 = Lethal concentration, 50 Percent

LD50 = Lethal dose, 50 percent

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Inhalation

Acute (Immediate)

Prolonged inhalation may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and lungs

Chronic (Delayed)

Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

Ingestion

Acute (Immediate)

Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach

Chronic (Delayed)

No data available

Component Carcinogenicity

Crystalline silica (14808-60-7)

IARC: Group 1 - Known Human Carcinogen (IARC Monograph 68 [1997])

ACGIH: A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

NTP: Known Human Carcinogen

Titanium Dioxide (13463-67-7)

IARC: Group 2B - Known Human Carcinogen

Carcinogenicity

According to IARC, No significant exposure to titanium dioxide and crystalline silica should occur because these components are bound in the polymer matrix and dust exposure would not be expected

Teratogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT Single Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT Repeated Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Eco toxicity

| COMPONENT | CAS NUMBER | FISH LC50 (mg/L) | DAPHNA EC50 (mg/L) | ALGAE EC50 (mg/L) |
|--------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | >1,000 96 Hours | >1,000 (Water flea) 48 Hours | N/A |
| Zinc Oxide | 1314-13-2 | >1.1 (rainbow trout) 96 Hours | >0.098 (Water flea) 48 Hours | N/A |
| Ammonium hydroxide | 1336-21-6 | >15 (w. mosquitofish) 96 Hours | >25.4 (Water flea) 48 Hours | N/A |
| Biocide | Proprietary | >14.7 (rainbow trout) 96 Hours | >6.3 - 13 (Water flea) 48 Hours | >0.022 (Algae) 96 Hours |

Eco toxicity

This product may cause adverse environmental effects if used improperly or release to the environment through a spill. Employ best management practices to prevent this material from entering storm sewer systems, waterways or otherwise impacting plant and animal species.

Biodegradability

No Data available

Bioaccumulation Potential

No Data available

Soil Absorption/Mobility

No Data available

Ozone-Depletion Potential

No known significant effects or critical hazards

ABBREVIATION KEY

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene
LC50 = Lethal concentration, 50 Percent

NTP = National Toxicology Program
STOT = Specific Target Organ Toxicity
EC50 = Effective concentration, 50 Percent

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product Waste The transportation, storage, treatment and dispose of this waste must be conducted in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local regulations.

Packaging Waste Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Packaging that cannot be reused after cleaning must be disposed or recycled in accordance with all federal, national and local regulations.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transportation Regulations This product is not regulated as a hazardous material in transportation.

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA Inventory Components are listed
DSL Inventory Components are listed
Sara 313 Zinc oxide (1314-13-2); Ammonium hydroxide (21645-51-2); Biocide
Sara 311/312 Categories Acute Health Hazard; Chronic Health Hazard
CERCLA Ammonium hydroxide 1000 lbs; methyl benzimidazol-2-yl carbamate 10 lbs; Biocide 100lbs;
CA Proposition 65 **WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including crystalline silica, biocide, benzophenone and titanium dioxide which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Right to Know States

| COMPONENT | CAS NUMBER | CA | MA | MN | NJ | PA | RI |
|--------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | No | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Zinc Oxide | 1314-13-2 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Aluminum hydroxide | 21645-51-2 | No | No | No | No | Yes | No |
| Crystalline silica | 14808-60-7 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Ammonium hydroxide | 1336-21-6 | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Biocide | Proprietary | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Preparation Date April 2020
Revision Date March 2022
Summary of Changes Branding Update
Disclaimer The information and recommendations contained herein are to the best of Performance Roof Systems' knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. Performance Roof Systems does not warrant or guarantee their accuracy or reliability, and Performance Roof Systems shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising out of the use thereof.
 The information and recommendations are offered for the users consideration and examination, and it is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that they are suitable and complete for its particular use. It is also the users responsibility to make certain that it is relying upon the most recent, updated, information and recommendations available from Performance Roof Systems.

ABBREVIATION KEY

TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act
 CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
 DSL = Domestic Substances List (Canada)
 SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act